

# UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT MEDICAL POLICY

**POLICY:** Oncology (Injectable – Programmed Death-Ligand 1) – Tecentriq Hybreza Utilization

Management Medical Policy

 Tecentriq Hybreza<sup>™</sup> (atezolizumab and hyaluronidase-tqjs subcutaneous injection – Genentech)

**REVIEW DATE:** 01/22/2025

#### **OVERVIEW**

Tecentriq Hybreza, a programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) blocking antibody and hyaluronidase, is indicated for the treatment of the following:<sup>1</sup>

- Alveolar Soft Part Sarcoma, in adults with unresectable or metastatic disease.
- **Hepatocellular carcinoma**, in combination with bevacizumab, for the treatment of unresectable or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma in adults who have not received prior systemic therapy.
- **Melanoma**, in combination with Cotellic<sup>®</sup> (cobimetinib tablets) and Zelboraf<sup>®</sup> (vemurafenib tablets), for the treatment of *BRAF V600* mutation-positive unresectable or metastatic disease as determined by an FDA-approved test in adults.
- Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC), metastatic disease in adults:
  - As a single agent, as adjuvant treatment following resection and platinum-based chemotherapy for patients with Stage II to IIIA disease whose tumors express PD-L1 on  $\geq$  1% of tumor cells.
  - As a single-agent, for the first-line treatment of tumors with high PD-L1 expression (PD-L1 staining ≥ 50% of tumor cells or PD-L1 staining of tumor infiltrating immune cells covering ≥ 10% of the tumor area), with no anaplastic lymphoma kinase (*ALK*) or epidermal growth factor receptor (*EGFR*) genomic tumor aberrations.
  - o In combination with bevacizumab, paclitaxel, and carboplatin, for the first-line treatment of metastatic non-squamous NSCLC with no *ALK* or *EGFR* genomic tumor aberrations.
  - o In combination with paclitaxel protein-bound and carboplatin, for the first-line treatment of non-squamous metastatic NSCLC with no *ALK* or *EGFR* genomic tumor aberrations.
  - As a single-agent, for disease progression during or following platinum-containing chemotherapy. Patients with EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations should have disease progression on FDA-approved therapy for these aberrations prior to receiving Tecentriq Hybreza.
- **Small cell lung cancer** in combination with carboplatin and etoposide, for the first-line treatment of adults with extensive-stage disease.

#### Guidelines

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network has addressed Tecentriq Hybreza.

- **Bladder cancer:** Guidelines (version 5.2024 October 28, 2024) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,8</sup>
- **Cervical cancer:** Guidelines (version 1.2025 December 19, 2024) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,3</sup>
- **Hepatocellular carcinoma:** Guidelines (version 4.2024 January 10, 2025) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,4</sup>
- **Melonoma, cutaneous:** Guidelines (version 1.2025 December 20, 2024) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,5</sup>
- **Mesothelioma, peritoneal:** Guidelines (version 1.2025 November 21, 2024) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,6</sup>

- **Non-small cell lung cancer:** Guidelines (version 2.2025 January 7, 2025) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,7</sup>
- **Small cell lung cancer:** Guidelines (version 3.2025 October 29, 2024) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,9</sup>
- **Soft tissue sarcoma:** Guidelines (version 4.2024 November 21, 2024) state that Tecentriq Hybreza can be substituted for Tecentriq.<sup>2,10</sup>

### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Tecentriq Hybreza. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Tecentriq Hybreza as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Tecentria Hybreza to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

**Automation:** None.

### RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Tecentriq Hybreza is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

# **FDA-Approved Indications**

- **1. Alveolar Soft Part Sarcoma.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq$  18 years of age; AND
  - B) Patient has unresectable or metastatic disease; AND
  - C) The medication is used as a single agent; AND
  - **D**) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

- **2. Hepatocellular Carcinoma.** Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B**) Patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
    - i. Approve for 1 year (total) if the patient meets ALL of the following (a, b, and c):
      - a) Patient has undergone resection or ablation therapy; AND
      - **b)** Patient is at high-risk of recurrence; AND Note: High-risk is defined as size > 5 cm, > 3 tumors, macovascular invasion, microvessel invasion on histology, or grade 3/4 histology.
      - c) Medication is used as adjuvant therapy; OR
    - ii. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
      - a) Medication is used for first-line therapy; AND
      - b) According to the prescriber, the patient has ONE of the following [(1) or (2)]:

- (1) Liver confined, unresectable disease and is deemed ineligible for transplant; OR
- (2) Extrahepatic/metastatic disease and are deemed ineligible for resection, transplant, or locoregional therapy; AND
- C) The medication will be used in combination with bevacizumab; AND
- **D**) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

**Dosing.** Approve 1,875 mg of atezolizumab and 30,000 units of hyaluronidase (15 mL) administered subcutaneously no more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

- **3. Melanoma.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, D, E, and F):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B**) Patient has unresectable or metastatic melanoma; AND
  - C) Patient has BRAF V600 mutation-positive disease; AND
  - **D**) The medication will be used as subsequent therapy; AND
  - **E**) The medication will be used in combination with Cotellic (cobimetinib tablets) and Zelboraf (vemurafenib tablets); AND
  - F) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

- **4. Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer.** Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, iii, iv, v, or vi):
    - i. Approve for 1 year if the patient has non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) and the patient meets ALL of the following (a, b, <u>and</u> c):
      - <u>Note</u>: Non-squamous NSCLC includes adenocarcinoma, large cell, or NSCLC not otherwise specified.
      - a) Patient has recurrent, advanced or metastatic disease; AND
      - b) The tumor is negative for actionable mutations; AND

        Note: Examples of actionable mutations include epidermal growth factor receptor (*EGFR*) mutation, anaplastic lymphoma kinase (*ALK*) fusions, *ROS1*, *BRAF V600E*, *NRTK1/2/3*, *MET* exon 14 skipping mutation, *RET* rearrangement, NRG1. May be *KRAS G12C* mutation positive.
      - c) The medication is used as first-line or continuation maintenance therapy; OR
    - ii. Approve for 1 year if the patient has squamous cell NSCLC and meets ALL of the following (a, b, c, and d):
      - a) Patient has recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease; AND
      - b) The tumor is negative for actionable mutations; AND Note: Examples of actionable mutations include epidermal growth factor receptor (*EGFR*) mutation, anaplastic lymphoma kinase (*ALK*) fusions, *ROS1*, *BRAF V600E*, *NRTK1/2/3*, *MET* exon 14 skipping mutation, *RET* rearrangement. May be *KRAS G12C* mutation positive.
      - c) Patient's tumor expresses programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) ≥ 50% as determined by an approved test; AND
      - d) Medication is used as first-line or continuation maintenance therapy; OR

- iii. Approve for 1 year if the patient has recurrent, advanced, or metastatic non-squamous cell NSCLC; is EGFR exon 19 deletion, exon 21 *L858R* mutation, *ALK* rearrangement, *RET* rearrangement, and *ROS1* rearrangement negative and meets ONE of the following (a, b, or c): Note: Non-squamous NSCLC includes adenocarcinoma, large cell, or NSCLC not otherwise specified.
  - a) Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), and (3)]:
    - (1) The tumor is *EGFR* exon 20 mutation positive, *NRG1* gene fusion positive, or *ERBB2* (*HER2*) mutation positive; AND
    - (2) The medication is used first-line; AND
    - (3) The medication is used in combination with chemotherapy; OR

      Note: Examples of chemotherapy include carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab; and carboplatin plus paclitaxel albumin-bound.
  - **b)** Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), and (3)]:
    - (1) The tumor is *BRAF V600E* mutation positive, *NTRK1/2/3* gene fusion positive, or *MET* exon 14 skipping mutation positive; AND
    - (2) The medication is used for first-line or subsequent treatment; AND
    - (3) The medication is used in combination with chemotherapy; OR

      Note: Examples of chemotherapy include carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab; and carboplatin plus paclitaxel albumin-bound.
  - c) Patient meets ALL of the following [(1), (2), and (3)]:
    - (1) The tumor is EGFR S7681, L861Q, and/or G719X mutation positive; AND
    - (2) Patient has received targeted drug therapy for the specific mutation; AND Note: Examples of targeted drug therapy include Gilotrif (afatinib tablets), Tagrisso (osimertinib tablets), erlotinib, Iressa (gefitinib tablets), or Vizimpro (dacomitinib tablets).
    - (3) The medication is used in combination with chemotherapy; OR <a href="Note">Note</a>: Examples of chemotherapy include carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab; and carboplatin plus paclitaxel albumin-bound.
- iv. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (a, b, c, and d):
  - a) Patient has recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease; AND
  - **b)** The medication is used as subsequent therapy; AND
  - c) The medication is used as a single agent; AND
  - **d**) The patient has <u>not</u> progressed on a programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) or programmed death-ligand 1 inhibitor (PD-L1); OR
    - <u>Note</u>: Examples of PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitors include Tecentriq, Keytruda (pembrolizumab intravenous infusion), and Opdivo (nivolumab intravenous infusion).
- **v.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (a, b, and c):
  - a) Patient has squamous cell NSCLC; AND
  - **b)** Patient is performance status 3; AND
  - c) Medication is used as a single agent; OR
- vi. Approve for up to 1 year (total) if the patient meets ALL of the following (a, b, c, and d):
  - a) Patient has completed resected disease; AND
  - **b**) Patient's tumor expresses programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) ≥ 1% as determined by an approved test; AND
  - c) Patient is negative for *EGFR* exon 19 deletion, exon 21 *L*858*R* mutations, and *ALK* rearrangements; AND
  - **d)** Patient has received previous adjuvant chemotherapy; AND
- C) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

- **5. Small Cell Lung Cancer.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A <u>and</u> B):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B**) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

**Dosing.** Approve 1,875 mg of atezolizumab and 30,000 units of hyaluronidase (15 mL) administered subcutaneously no more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

## Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

- **6.** Cervical Cancer. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B)** Patient has persistent, recurrent, or metastatic disease; AND
  - C) The medication is used in combination with chemotherapy; AND <a href="Note">Note</a>: Examples of chemotherapy include cisplatin or carboplatin, with etoposide.
  - **D**) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

**Dosing.** Approve 1,875 mg of atezolizumab and 30,000 units of hyaluronidase (15 mL) administered subcutaneously no more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

- 7. **Mesothelioma.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, D, and E):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B**) The medication is used as subsequent therapy; AND
  - C) The medication is used in combination with bevacizumab; AND
  - **D**) Patient has ONE of the following (i, ii, or iii):
    - i. Malignant peritoneal mesothelioma; OR
    - ii. Pericardial mesothelioma; OR
    - iii. Tunica vaginalis testis mesothelioma; AND
  - **E**) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

- **8.** Urothelial Carcinoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq$  18 years of age; AND
  - **B**) Patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
    - **i.** Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
      - a) Medication is used for first-line therapy; AND
      - **b)** Patient meets ONE of the following [(1) or (2)]:
        - (1) Patient is ineligible for cisplatin and tumor expresses programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) tumor infiltrating immune cells covering ≥ 5% of tumor area; OR
        - (2) Patient is ineligible for any platinum-containing chemotherapy regardless of PD-L1 expression; OR
    - ii. Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
      - a) Patient is currently receiving Tecentriq for the treatment of urothelial carcinoma; AND
      - b) According to the prescriber, the patient is deriving benefit from Tecentriq; AND

C) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

**Dosing.** Approve 1,875 mg of atezolizumab and 30,000 units of hyaluronidase (15 mL) administered subcutaneously no more frequently than once every 3 weeks.

### CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Tecentriq Hybreza is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Tecentriq Hybreza subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech; September 2024.
- 2. The NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium. © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025. Search term: atezolizumab and hyaluronidase.
- 3. The NCCN Cervical Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 December 19, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.
- 4. The NCCN Hepatocellular Carcinoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 4.2024 January 10, 2025). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.
- The NCCN Melanoma: Cutaneous Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 December 20, 2024). © 2024
   National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.
- 6. The NCCN Mesothelioma: Peritoneal Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 November 21, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.
- The NCCN Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2025 January 7, 2025).
   2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.
- 8. The NCCN Bladder Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 5.2024 October 28, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.
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- The NCCN Soft Tissue Sarcoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 4.2024 November 21, 2024).
   National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on January 13, 2025.

## **HISTORY**

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	<b>Review Date</b>
New Policy	1	09/25/2024
Early Annual	<b>Hepatocellular Carcinoma:</b> Duration of approval was changed from 1 year to approve	01/22/2025
Revision	for the duration noted. Requirements that the patient has Child-Pugh Class A or B liver	
	function and patient has not received prior systemic therapy were removed. Option for	
	approval that the patient has unresectable or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma and is	
	not a surgical candidate; and patient has liver confined disease, inoperable by	
	performance status, comorbidity, or with minimal or uncertain extrahepatic disease were	
	removed. Added patient has undergone resection or ablation therapy, patient is at high-	
	risk of recurrence, and medication is used for adjuvant therapy as new option for approval	
	with duration of up to 1 year (total). Added medication is used first-line and patient has	
	liver confined, unresectable disease and is deemed ineligible for transplant; or	
	extrahepatic/metastatic disease and are deemed ineligible for resection, transplant, or	
	locoregional therapy, with a 1 year duration of approval.	
	<b>Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer:</b> Removed <i>KRAS</i> from list of actionable mutations and	
	added may be KRAS G12C mutation positive to Note. Removed patient's tumor	
	expresses programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) $\geq$ 1% and medication will be used in	
	combination with chemotherapy as options for approval. Added descriptor first-line to	
	the medication will be used as first-line or continuation maintenance therapy. Added	
	requirement that the medication is used as first-line or continuation maintenance therapy.	
	Added EGFR exon 19 deletion, exon 21 L858R mutation, ALK rearrangement, RET	

rearrangement, and *ROS1* rearrangement negative to requirement that patient has recurrent, advanced, or metastatic non-squamous cell NSCLC, is *EGFR* exon 19 deletion, exon 21 *L858R* mutation, *ALK* rearrangement, *RET* rearrangement, and *ROS1* rearrangement negative and meets ONE of the following. Removed *KRAS G12C* mutation and added *NRG1* gene fusion to requirement that the tumor is *EGFR* exon 20 mutation positive, *NRG1* gene fusion positive or *ERBB2* (*HER2*) mutation positive. Removed *RET* rearrangement positive from requirement that the tumor is *BRAF V600E* mutation positive, *NTRK1/2/3* gene fusion positive, or *MET* exon 14 skipping mutation positive. Removed *EGFR* exon 19 deletion, exon 21 *L858R* positive, *ALK* rearrangement positive, or *ROS1* rearrangement positive from requirement that the tumor is *EGFR S7681*, *L861Q*, and/or *G719X* mutation positive. Removed examples of targeted drug therapy. Added option for approval for patients with squamous cell NSCLC, performance status of 3, and medication is used as a single agent. Added requirements for adjuvant therapy: patient has completed resected disease and patients is negative for *EGFR* exon 19 deletion, exon 21 *L858R* mutations and *ALK* rearrangements.

**Cervical Cancer:** Requirement that the patient has small neuroendocrine carcinoma of the cervix was removed.

**Urothelial Carcinoma:** Added new condition of approval.