VENTURA COUNTY
HEALTH CARE PLAN

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Oncology – Zelboraf Prior Authorization Policy
- Zelboraf® (vemurafenib tablets – Genentech/Daiichi Sankyo)

REVIEW DATE: 08/04/2021

OVERVIEW

Zelboraf, a BRAF inhibitor, is indicated in adults for the following indications:[1]

- **Erdheim-Chester disease**, for treatment of patients with the *BRAF V600* mutation.
- **Melanoma**, for treatment of unresectable or metastatic disease with *BRAF V600E* mutation as detected by an FDA-approved test.

Of note, Cotellic® (cobimetinib tablets) is a MEK inhibitor that is indicated to be given in combination with Zelboraf in a similar patient population with melanoma. Zelboraf is not recommended for use in patients with wild-type BRAF melanoma.

Guidelines

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines support use in multiple cancers.

- **Central Nervous System Cancers** (version 1.2021 – June 4, 2021): Guidelines recommend a BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination (i.e., Tafinlar® [dabrafenib capsules]/Mekinist® [trametinib tablets] or Zelboraf/Cotellic) for treatment of *BRAF V600E* activation mutation in the following situations: adjuvant treatment of pilocytic astrocytoma, pleomorphic xanthoastrocytoma, or ganglioglioma; recurrent or progressive low-grade glioma; recurrent anaplastic glioma; and recurrent glioblastoma.[7] BRAF/MEK combination therapy is also recommended for melanoma with brain metastases.
- **Melanoma**, Cutaneous (version 2.2021 – February 19, 2021): Guidelines for cutaneous disease recommend BRAF/MEK inhibitor combinations among the preferred therapies for first-line and subsequent treatment of metastatic or unresectable melanoma with a *V600*-activating mutation.[2] While combination BRAF/MEK inhibition is preferred, if a combination is contraindicated, monotherapy with a BRAF inhibitor is a recommended option. Tafinlar + Mekinist is also recommended as adjuvant therapy (including for nodal recurrence) in some patients with Stage III disease, including use post-surgery or use after complete lymph node dissection. If unacceptable toxicity to Tafinlar/Mekinist, other BRAF/MEK combinations can be considered.
- **Hairy Cell Leukemia** (version 2.2021 – March 11, 2021)**:** NCCN guidelines for hairy cell leukemia list Zelboraf ± rituximab among the treatment options for relapsed or refractory disease.[3]
- **Histiocytic Neoplasms** (version 1.2021 – March 1, 2021): NCCN recommends Zelboraf (preferred) or Tafinlar (other recommended regimen) for *BRAF V600E*-mutated Erdheim-Chester disease and for multisystem, pulmonary, or central nervous system (CNS) Langerhans cell histocytosis.[6]
- **Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer:** NCCN guidelines (version 5.2021 – June 15, 2021) list Tafinlar + Mekinist among the first-line therapy and subsequent therapy options for tumors with a *BRAF* mutation.[4] NCCN also notes that monotherapy with a BRAF inhibitor (Tafinlar or Zelboraf) is a treatment option when combination therapy is not tolerated.
- **Thyroid Carcinoma:** Guidelines (version 1.2021 – April 9, 2021) list Tafinlar + Mekinist as a treatment option for metastatic anaplastic thyroid cancer with a *BRAF* mutation.[5] Tafinlar and Zelboraf are also treatment options if not amenable to radioiodine treatment for differentiated thyroid cancer (follicular, Hürthle cell, and papillary cancer subtypes) with a *BRAF V600* mutation.

POLICY STATEMENT
Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Zelboraf. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA
Coverage of Zelboraf is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

1. **Erdheim-Chester Disease.** Approve for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A and B):
   A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
   B) Patient has *BRAF V600* mutation-positive disease.

2. **Melanoma.** Approve Zelboraf for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C):
   A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
   B) Patient has unresectable, advanced, or metastatic melanoma; AND
   C) Patient has *BRAF V600* mutation-positive disease.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

3. **Central Nervous System Cancer.** Approve for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A, B, C, and D):
   A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
   B) Patient has *BRAF V600* mutation-positive disease; AND
   C) The medication is being used for one of the following situations (i, ii, or iii):
      i. Adjuvant treatment of one of the following conditions (a, b, or c):
         a) Pilocytic astrocytoma; OR
         b) Pleomorphic xanthoastrocytoma; OR
         c) Ganglioglioma; OR
      ii. Recurrent disease for one of the following conditions (a, b, or c):
         a) Low-grade glioma; OR
         b) Anaplastic glioma; OR
         c) Glioblastoma; OR
      iii. Brain metastases due to melanoma; AND
   D) The medication is prescribed in combination with Cotellic (cobimetinib tablets).

4. **Hairy Cell Leukemia.** Approve for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A and B):
   A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
   B) Patient has tried at least one other systemic therapy for hairy cell leukemia.
   Note: Examples of other systemic therapies include cladribine, Nipent (pentostatin injection), rituximab injection, Intron A (interferon alpha-2b injection).

5. **Histiocytic Neoplasm.** Approve for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C):
   Note: For Erdheim-Chester disease, refer to FDA-approved indication.
   A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
   B) Patient has Langerhans cell histiocytosis and one of the following (i, ii, or iii):

i. Multisystem disease; OR
ii. Pulmonary disease; OR
iii. Central nervous system lesions; AND

C) Patient has *BRAF V600* mutation-positive disease.

6. Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer. Approve for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A and B):
A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
B) Patient has *BRAF V600E* mutation-positive disease.

7. Thyroid Carcinoma, Differentiated. Approve for 3 years if the patient meets the following (A, B, C, and D):
A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
B) Patient has differentiated thyroid carcinoma; AND
Note: Examples of differentiated thyroid carcinoma include papillary, follicular, or Hürthle cell thyroid cancers.
C) Patient has disease that is refractory to radioactive iodine therapy; AND
D) Patient has *BRAF* mutation-positive disease.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Zelboraf is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

1. Zelboraf® tablet [prescribing information]. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech; May 2020.
2. The NCCN Melanoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (Version 2.2021 – February 19, 2021). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/. Accessed on July 27, 2021.
3. The NCCN Hairy Cell Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (Version 2.2021 – March 11, 2021). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/. Accessed on July 25, 2021.
4. The NCCN Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (Version 5.2021 – June 15, 2021). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/. Accessed on July 15, 2021.
5. The NCCN Thyroid Carcinoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (Version 1.2021 – April 9, 2021). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/. Accessed on July 16, 2021.
6. The NCCN Histiocytic Neoplasms Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (Version 1.2021 – March 1, 2021). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/. Accessed on July 25, 2021.
7. The NCCN Central Nervous System Cancers Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (Version 1.2021 – June 4, 2021). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/. Accessed on July 25, 2021.