

### **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY**

**POLICY:** Hereditary Angioedema – Orladeyo Prior Authorization Policy

Orladeyo<sup>™</sup> (berotralstat capsules – Biocryst)

**REVIEW DATE:** 12/09/2020

### **OVERVIEW**

Orladeyo, an inhibitor of plasma kallikrein, is indicated for prophylaxis to prevent attacks of hereditary angioedema (HAE) in patients  $\geq 12$  years of age.<sup>1</sup>

### **Disease Overview**

HAE due to C1 esterase inhibitor (C1-INH) deficiency has two subtypes: HAE type I and HAE type II. HAE diagnosis can be confirmed by measuring functional C1-INH protein levels (usually < 50% of normal in patients with HAE), C4 levels, and C1-INH antigenic levels.<sup>2,3</sup> Patients with HAE type I have low C4 and C1-INH antigenic protein levels, along with low levels of functional C1-INH protein. Patients with HAE type II have low C4 and functional C1-INH protein level, with a normal or elevated C1-INH antigenic protein level. C1-INH replacement therapies are appropriate for both HAE type I and type II.

Patients with the third type of HAE called HAE with normal C1-INH (HAE nC1-INH), previously referred to as HAE type III, have normal C4 and C1-INH antigenic protein levels.<sup>2</sup> HAE nC1-INH is much less prevalent than HAE types I/II, and the exact cause of HAE nC1-INH has not been determined.<sup>2,4</sup> Pathogenic variants in the genes encoding for Factor XII (regulates bradykinin generation), angiopoietin-1 (involved in vascular permeability), and plasminogen have been associated with HAE nC1-INH; however, the majority of cases have unknown etiology. There are no randomized or controlled clinical trial data available with any therapy for use in HAE nC1-INH.<sup>4-6</sup>

## Guidelines

Orladeyo is not yet addressed in guideline recommendations, although positive Phase III data are recognized in 2020 guidelines from the US HAE Association Medical Advisory Board.<sup>8</sup> Per guidelines, the decision to initiate long-term prophylaxis is individualized based on multiple factors and should be made by the patient and an HAE specialist.<sup>4,8</sup> C1-INH concentrate and Takhzyro<sup>™</sup> (lanadelumab-flyo subcutaneous injection) are recognized as first-line treatment options for long-term prophylaxis of HAE type I/II attacks.<sup>3,4,8</sup> Androgens are not considered first-line and are contraindicated in certain groups (e.g., pregnancy, prepubescent children, androgen-dependent malignancy).<sup>4</sup> In other populations, the use of androgens for long-term prophylaxis may be considered as second-line but should be considered critically due to potential for adverse events. Therefore, guidelines note that androgens should not be used in patients who have a preference for alternative therapy and that patients should not be required to fail anabolic androgen therapy as a prerequisite to receiving prophylactic C1-INH or Takhzyro therapy.<sup>4,7</sup> Of note, long-term prophylaxis for patients with HAE with normal C1-INH has not been studied in a randomized, placebo-controlled trial; hormonal therapy and antifibrinolytics are generally used for prophylaxis in this scenario.<sup>8</sup>

### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Orladeyo. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients with this condition, approval requires

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Orladeyo to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

<u>Documentation</u>: Documentation will be required where noted in the criteria as [documentation required]. Documentation may include, but is not limited to, chart notes, laboratory records, and prescription claims records.

**Automation**: None.

#### RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Orladeyo is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

### **FDA-Approved Indications**

- 1. Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) Due to C1 Inhibitor (C1-INH) Deficiency [Type I or Type II] Prophylaxis. Approve Orladeyo for the duration noted if the patient meets one the following criteria (A or B):
  - A) Initial therapy. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (i, ii, and iii):
    - i. Patient is  $\geq 12$  years of age; AND
    - ii. Patient has HAE type I or type II as confirmed by the following diagnostic criteria (a and b):
      - a) Patient has low levels of functional C1-INH protein (< 50% of normal) at baseline, as defined by the laboratory reference values [documentation required]; AND
      - **b)** Patient has lower than normal serum C4 levels at baseline, as defined by the laboratory reference values [documentation required]; AND
    - **iii.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist/immunologist or a physician who specializes in the treatment of HAE or related disorders.
  - **B)** Patient is currently receiving Orladeyo. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets all of the following criteria (i, ii, iii, and iv):
    - i. Patient is  $\geq 12$  years of age; AND
    - ii. Patient has a diagnosis of HAE type I or II [documentation required]; AND
    - iii. According to the prescriber, the patient has had a favorable clinical response since initiating Orladeyo prophylactic therapy compared with baseline (i.e., prior to initiating prophylactic therapy); AND
      - <u>Note</u>: Examples of favorable clinical response include decrease in HAE acute attack frequency, decrease in HAE attack severity, or decrease in duration of HAE attacks.
    - **iv.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist/immunologist or a physician who specializes in the treatment of HAE or related disorders.

### CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Orladeyo is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Concomitant Use with Other HAE Prophylactic Therapies (e.g., Cinryze®, Haegarda®, Takhzyro). Orladeyo has not been studied in combination with other prophylactic therapies for HAE, and combination therapy for long-term prophylactic use is not recommended. Patients may use other medications, including Cinryze, for on-demand treatment of acute HAE attacks, and for short-term (procedural) prophylaxis.

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2. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

#### REFERENCES

- Orladeyo<sup>™</sup> capsules [prescribing information]. Durham, NC: Biocryst; December 2020.
- 2. Bowen T, Cicardi M, Farkas H, et al. 2010 international consensus algorithm for the diagnosis, therapy and management of hereditary angioedema. *Ann Allergy Asthma Immunol*. 2010;6:24.
- 3. Mauer M, Magerl M, Ansotegui I, et al. The international WAO/EAACI guideline for the management of hereditary angioedema the 2017 revision and update. *Allergy*. 2018;73(8):1575-1596.
- 4. Betschel S, Badiou J, Binkley K, et al. The International/Canadian Hereditary Angioedema Guideline [published correction appears in Allergy Asthma Clin Immunol. 2020 May 6;16:33]. *Allergy Asthma Clin Immunol.* 2019;15:72.
- 5. Zuraw BL, Bork K, Binkley KE, et al. Hereditary angioedema with normal C1 inhibitor function: consensus of an international expert panel. *Allergy Asthma Proc.* 2012;33:S145-S156.
- 6. Magerl M, Germenis AE, Maas C, et al. Hereditary angioedema with normal C1 inhibitor. Update on evaluation and treatment. *Immunol Allergy Clin N Am.* 2017;37:571-584.
- Zuraw BL, Banerji A, Bernstein JA, et al. US Hereditary Angioedema Association Medical Advisory Board 2013 recommendations for the management of hereditary angioedema due to C1 inhibitor deficiency. J Allergy Clin Immunol: In Practice. 2013;1:458-467.
- 8. Busse PJ, Christiansen SC, Riedl MA, et al. US HAEA Medical Advisory Board 2020 Guidelines for the Management of Hereditary Angioedema. *J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract.* 2020 Sep 6:S2213-2198(20)30878-3.

### **HISTORY**

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
New Policy		12/09/2020