

## **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY**

**POLICY:** Opioids – Fentanyl Transmucosal Drugs Prior Authorization Policy

- Abstral® (fentanyl sublingual tablet Sentynl Therapeutics)
- Actiq® (oral transmucosal fentanyl citrate Teva, generic)
- Fentora® (fentanyl buccal tablet Teva, authorized generic)
- Lazanda® (fentanyl nasal spray West Therapeutic Development)
- Subsys® (fentanyl sublingual spray West Therapeutic Development)

**REVIEW DATE:** 11/17/2021

#### **OVERVIEW**

The transmucosal fentanyl drugs are indicated only for the management of **breakthrough pain in patients** with cancer who are already receiving and who are tolerant to opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain.<sup>1-6</sup>

Actiq (generic), Abstral, Fentora, and Subsys are immediate-release oral transmucosal formulations of fentanyl citrate.<sup>1-5</sup> Lazanda is a nasal spray intended for intranasal transmucosal administration.<sup>6</sup> Patients considered opioid tolerant are those who are taking at least 60 mg of oral morphine daily, at least 25 mcg of transdermal fentanyl/hour, at least 30 mg of oxycodone daily, at least 8 mg oral hydromorphone daily, at least 25 mg oral oxymorphone daily, or an equianalgesic dose of another opioid for one week or longer. The appropriate dosing and safety of Actiq (generic) in opioid-tolerant children with breakthrough cancer pain have not been established in those below 16 years of age.<sup>1,3</sup> The safety and efficacy of Abstral, Fentora, Subsys, and Lazanda have not been established in pediatric patients below 18 years of age.<sup>2,4-6</sup>

The transmucosal fentanyl drugs are contraindicated in the management of acute or postoperative pain and in patients with known intolerance or hypersensitivity to any components or the drug fentanyl. <sup>1-6</sup> In addition, these products must not be used in patients who are not opioid tolerant (contraindicated). The transmucosal fentanyl drugs are approved for use only in the care of cancer patients and only by healthcare professionals <sup>1-5</sup> (oncologists and pain specialists)<sup>2,3,6</sup> who are knowledgeable of and skilled in the use of Schedule II opioids to treat cancer pain. Because of the risk of misuse, abuse, addition, and overdose, these products are available only through a restricted program under a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) called the Transmucosal Immediate-Release Fentanyl (TIRF) REMS ACCESS program. Under the TIRF REMS ACCESS program, outpatients, prescribers who prescribe to outpatients, pharmacies, and distributors must enroll in the program.

## **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of fentanyl transmucosal drugs. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

<u>Automation</u>: If the patient has a prescription for a cancer medication (see Appendix A) within a 180-day period, the claim will adjudicate. When available, the ICD-10 codes for cancer will be used as part of automation to allow approval of the requested medication (see Appendix B).

#### RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of fentanyl transmucosal drugs is recommended for those who meet the following criteria:

## FDA-Approved Indication

- 1. Breakthrough Pain in a Patient with Cancer. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
  - A) Patient meets ONE of the following conditions (i or ii):
    - i. Patient is unable to swallow, has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or uncontrollable nausea/vomiting; OR
    - **ii.** Patient is unable to take two other short-acting narcotics secondary to allergy or severe adverse events; AND
      - <u>Note</u>: Examples of short-acting narcotics include immediate-release formulations of oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.
  - **B)** Patient is on or will be on an oral or transdermal long-acting narcotic, or the patient is on an intravenous, subcutaneous, or spinal (intrathecal, epidural) narcotic.
    - <u>Note</u>: Examples of long-acting narcotics include Duragesic (fentanyl transdermal system), OxyContin (oxycodone extended-release tablets), and morphine extended-release. Examples of intravenous, subcutaneous, or spinal narcotics include morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, and fentanyl citrate.

#### CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of fentanyl transmucosal drugs is not recommended in the following situations:

- 1. Acute and/or Postoperative Pain. This includes surgery/post-surgery, trauma/post-trauma, acute medical illness (acute abdominal pain, pelvic pain, muscle spasm). Actiq (generic), Abstral, Fentora, Lazanda, and Subsys are contraindicated for use in the management of acute or postoperative pain, including migraine headache pain. 1-6
- 2. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Actiq<sup>®</sup> oral transmucosal [prescribing information]. Parsippany, NJ: Teva; March 2021.
- 2. Fentora® buccal tablet [prescribing information]. Parsippany, NJ: Teva; March 2021.
- 3. Oral Transmucosal Fentanyl Citrate (OTFC) [prescribing information]. Parsippany, NJ: Teva; March 2021.
- 4. Abstral® sublingual tablets [prescribing information]. Solana Beach, CA: Sentynl Therapeutics; October 2019.
- 5. Subsys® sublingual spray [prescribing information]. Northbrook, IL: West Therapeutic Development; March 2021.
- 6. Lazanda® nasal spray [prescribing information]. Northbrook, IL: West Therapeutic Development; March 2021.

# APPENDIX A

Note: This list is not inclusive. As new STCs become available, they will roll into this policy and the list will be updated periodically.

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STC*	STC Description
0470	ANTINEOPLASTIC - ALKYLATING AGENTS
0471	ANTINEOPLASTIC - ANTIMETABOLITES
0472	ANTINEOPLASTIC - VINCA ALKALOIDS
0473	ANTIBIOTIC ANTINEOPLASTICS
0475	ANTINEOPLASTICS, MISCELLANEOUS
6323	ANTINEOPLASTIC - ANTIANDROGENIC AGENTS
7235	ANTINEOPLASTICS ANTIBODY/ANTIBODY-DRUG COMPLEXES
7977	ANTINEOPLASTIC IMMUNOMODULATOR AGENTS
8254	ANTINEOPLASTIC LHRH(GNRH) AGONIST, PITUITARY SUPPR.
8460	ANTINEOPLASTIC LHRH(GNRH) ANTAGONIST, PITUIT. SUPPRS
8569	ANTINEOPLASTIC EGF RECEPTOR BLOCKER MCLON ANTIBODY
8585	ANTINEOPLAST HUM VEGF INHIBITOR RECOMB MC ANTIBODY
9150	ANTINEOPLASTIC SYSTEMIC ENZYME INHIBITORS
B759	ANTINEOPLAST, HISTONE DEACETYLASE (HDAC) INHIBITORS
C232	ANTINEOPLASTIC - MTOR KINASE INHIBITORS
C370	ANTINEOPLASTIC - EPOTHILONES AND ANALOGS
C532	ANTINEOPLASTIC - TOPOISOMERASE I INHIBITORS
C593	ANTINEOPLASTIC - AROMATASE INHIBITORS
D426	ANTINEOPLASTIC - IMMUNOTHERAPY, THERAPEUTIC VAC
D560	ANTINEOPLASTIC - HALICHONDRIN B ANALOGS
D687	CYTOTOXIC T-LYMPHOCYTE ANTIGEN (CTLA-4) RMC ANTIBODY
E039	ANTINEOPLASTIC - JANUS KINASE (JAK) INHIBITORS
E150	ANTINEOPLASTIC - HEDGEHOG PATHWAY INHIBITOR
E600	ANTINEOPLASTIC - VEGF-A,B AND PLGF INHIBITORS
F495	ANTINEOPLASTIC - INTERLEUKIN-6(IL-6)INHIB,ANTIBODY
F501	ANTINEOPLASTIC - VEGFR ANTAGONIST
F665	ANTINEOPLASTIC, ANTI-PROGRAMMED DEATH-1 (PD-1) MAB
G545	ANTINEOPLASTIC - IMMUNOTHERAPY, VIRUS-BASED AGENTS
G575	ANTINEOPLASTIC - MEK1 AND MEK2 KINASE INHIBITORS
G590	ANTINEOPLASTIC - ANTI-CD38 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY
G607	ANTINEOPLASTIC - ANTI-SLAMF7 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY
G802	ANTINEOPLASTIC- B CELL LYMPHOMA-2(BCL-2) INHIBITORS
G857	ANTI-PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH-LIGAND 1 (PD-L1) MAB
H018	ANTINEOPLASTIC, PDGFR-ALPHA BLOCKER MC ANTIBODY
H214	ANTINEOPLASTIC COMB-KINASE AND AROMATASE INHIBIT
H289	ANTINEOPLASTIC-ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE INHIBITORS
H309	ANTINEOPLASTIC – ANTIBIOTIC AND ANTIMETABOLITE
H317	ANTINEOPLASTIC – CD22 ANTIBODY-CYTOTOXIC ANTIBIOTIC
H324	ANTINEOPLASTIC- CD19 DIR. CAR-T CELL IMMUNOTHERAPY
H329	ANTINEOPLASTIC – CD33 ANTIBODY-CYTOTOXIC ANTIBIOTIC
H617	ANTINEOPLASTIC – BRAF KINASE INHIBITORS
H768	ANTINEOPLASTIC-CD22 DIRECT ANTIBODY/CYTOTOXIN CONJ
H868	ANTINEOPLASTIC-CD123-DIRECTED CYTOTOXIN CONJUGATE
1054	ANTINEOPLASTIC-SELECT INHIB OF NUCLEAR EXP (SINE)
1264	ANTINEOPLASTIC – PROTEIN METHYLTRANSFERASE INHIBITORS
* F 1 1' 4 ' 1	ANTINEST E SOLO TROTEIN METHENNIOLENGE MINDLONG

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding topical products

## APPENDIX B

Opioids – Fentanyl Transmucosal Drugs PA Policy Page 4

ICD-10 Codes
Cancer-related codes
C00.* to D09.*
D3A.* to D48.*
E34.0*
Q85.0*

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates the inclusion of subheadings.