



## UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT MEDICAL POLICY

**POLICY:** Iron Replacement – Feraheme Utilization Management Medical Policy

- Feraheme® (ferumoxytol intravenous infusion – AMAG, generic)

**REVIEW DATE:** 1/10/2024

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### OVERVIEW

Feraheme, an iron replacement product, is indicated for the treatment of **iron deficiency anemia** in patients  $\geq 18$  years of age for the following uses:<sup>1</sup>

- **Chronic kidney disease (CKD).**
- **Intolerance to oral iron or have had unsatisfactory response to oral iron.**

### Dosing Information

Feraheme is administered by intravenous (IV) infusion and treatment may be repeated if iron deficiency remains persistent or recurring.<sup>1</sup> The recommended dose of Feraheme is an initial 510 mg dose followed by a second 510 mg dose 3 to 8 days later per treatment cycle.

### Guidelines

The Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes guidelines for anemia in CKD (2012) make various recommendations regarding iron therapy.<sup>2</sup> For adults with CKD and anemia not on iron or erythropoietic stimulating agent (ESA) therapy, a trial of IV iron (or in non-dialysis patients with CKD, alternatively, a 1 to 3 month trial of oral iron therapy) is recommended if an increase in hemoglobin (Hb) concentration without starting ESA treatment is desired and transferrin saturation (TSAT) is  $\leq 30\%$  and ferritin is  $\leq 500$  ng/mL. For adults with CKD on ESA therapy who are not receiving iron supplementation, a trial of IV iron (or in non-dialysis CKD patients, alternatively, a 1 to 3 month trial of oral iron therapy) is recommended if an increase in Hb concentration or a decrease in ESA dose is desired and TSAT is  $\leq 30\%$  and ferritin is  $\leq 500$  ng/mL. For all pediatric patients with CKD with anemia not on iron or ESA therapy, oral iron (or IV iron in patients receiving hemodialysis) is recommended when TSAT is  $\leq 20\%$  and ferritin is  $\leq 100$  ng/mL. For all pediatric patients with CKD who are receiving ESA therapy but not receiving iron supplementation, it is recommended to administer oral iron (or IV iron for patients receiving hemodialysis) to maintain TSAT  $> 20\%$  and ferritin  $> 100$  ng/dL.

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network guidelines on Hematopoietic Growth Factors (version 2.2024 – December 12, 2023) discuss the management of cancer- and chemotherapy-induced anemia.<sup>3</sup> Treatment for iron deficiency is guided by iron status which is defined in the guidelines as: absolute iron deficiency, functional iron deficiency, possible functional iron deficiency, or no iron deficiency. IV iron therapy is considered an option for patients with absolute iron deficiency (ferritin  $< 30$  ng/mL and TSAT  $< 20\%$ ), functional iron deficiency (ferritin = 30 to 500 ng/mL and TSAT  $< 50\%$ ) in patients who are also receiving an ESA, and for select patients with possible functional iron deficiency (ferritin = 501 to 800 ng/mL and TSAT  $< 50\%$ ).

The American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association guideline for the management of heart failure (2022) states that in patients with heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (left ventricular ejection fraction  $\leq 40\%$ ), absolute iron deficiency (ferritin  $< 100$  ng/mL) or functional iron deficiency (ferritin = 100 to 300 mg/mL if TSAT is  $< 20\%$ ), and with or without anemia, IV iron replacement is reasonable to improve functional status and quality of life (2a recommendation).<sup>4</sup>

### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Feraheme. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Feraheme as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, particular approvals require Feraheme to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

**Automation:** None.

### **RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA**

Coverage of Feraheme is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

#### **FDA-Approved Indications**

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**1. Iron Deficiency Anemia in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease who are on Dialysis.** Approve for 3 years.

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**2. Iron Deficiency Anemia in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease who are not on Dialysis.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A and B):

A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND

B) Feraheme is prescribed by or in consultation with a nephrologist or hematologist.

**Dosing.** Approve up to a maximum cumulative total dose of 1020 mg given intravenously per 30 days.

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**3. Iron Deficiency Anemia, Other.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A and B):

A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND

B) Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, iii, or iv):

i. Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):

a) Patient has tried oral iron supplementation; AND

b) According to the prescriber, oral iron supplementation was ineffective or intolerable; OR

ii. Patient has a condition which, per the prescriber, will interfere with oral iron absorption (e.g., inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease)C; OR

iii. Patient is currently receiving an erythroid stimulating agent; OR

Note: Examples of erythroid stimulating agents include an epoetin alfa product, a darbepoetin alfa product, or a methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta product.

iv. The medication is being requested for cancer- or chemotherapy-related anemia.

**Dosing.** Approve up to a maximum cumulative total dose of 1020 mg given intravenously per 30 days.

### Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

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**4. Iron Deficiency Associated with Heart Failure.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A and B):

- A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
- B) Feraheme is being prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or hematologist.

**Dosing.** Approve up to a maximum cumulative total dose of 1020 mg given intravenously per 30 days.

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### CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Feraheme is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

### REFERENCES

1. Feraheme® [prescribing information]. Waltham, MA: AMAG; June 2022.
2. Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) Anemia Work Group. KDIGO Clinical Practice Guideline for Anemia in Chronic Kidney Disease. *Kidney Int.* 2012;2(Suppl):279-335.
3. The NCCN Hematopoietic Growth Factors Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2024 – December 12, 2023). 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on January 4, 2024.
4. Heidenreich PA, Bozkurt B, Aguilar D, et al. 2022 AHA/ACC/HFSA Guideline for the Management of Heart Failure: A Report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Joint Committee on Clinical Practice Guidelines [published correction appears in *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2023 Apr 18;81(15):1551]. *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2022;79(17):e263-e421.

### HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	12/14/2022
Annual Revision	No criteria changes	01/10/2024